

#### THE EU FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

#### HORIZON 2020 Secure, clean and efficient energy challenge



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## Outline

- EASME
- H2020 structure and overview
- H2020 Societal Challenges
- Secure, clean and efficient energy:
  - Energy Efficiency
  - Smart Cities and Communities
  - Low carbon energy
- Final notes



## EACI → EASME

- Executive Agency for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises
- The **EASME** replaces the EACI (Executive Agency

for Competitiveness and Innovation)

<u>http://ec.europa.eu/easme/</u>





- Most of the EU programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and Small and Medium-sized Enterprises – COSME
- Part of Horizon 2020, in particular:
  - The SME instrument
  - The Energy Efficiency part of 'Secure, Clean and Efficient Energy';
  - The calls for proposals in the fields of waste, water innovation and sustainable supply of raw material under the challenge 'Climate action, Environment, Resource Efficiency and Raw Materials'
- Some areas of the 'Industrial leadership' challenge:
  - part of the Leadership in Enabling and Industrial Technologies
  - Innovation in SMEs and
  - The Sustainable Industry Low Carbon Scheme (SILC II)
- The EU programme for the Environment and Climate action (LIFE)
- The European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF)
- The legacy of the Intelligent Energy Europe programme and the Eco-innovation initiative





#### **Unit B1 Energy**

- Manages the Energy Efficiency part of 'Secure, Clean and Efficient Energy' challenge
- The same team that was managing the IEE programme (EACI's EE+RES units)

Contact details:

### EACI-IEE-enquiries@ec.europa.eu



European Commission

# HORIZON 2020

The New EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation

2014-2020

HORIZON 2020



## Horizon 2020

- A **single programme** bringing together three separate programmes/initiatives\*
- Coupling research to innovation from research to retail, all forms of innovation
- Focus on **societal challenges** facing EU society, e.g. health, clean energy and transport
- **Simplified access**, for all companies, universities, institutes in all EU countries and beyond
- \* The 7<sup>th</sup> Research Framework Programme (FP7), innovation aspects of Competitiveness and Innovation Framework Programme (CIP), EU contribution to the European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT)



## **Basic principles**

- 2-year work programme to allow for better preparation of applicants
  - ➔ One call BUT several deadlines and different evaluation processes
  - ➔ Topics can be repeated BUT challenges could change
- Challenge-based approach (not prescribing technology options)
- Cross-cutting actions
- Focus areas
- Use of **TRLs** to specify scope of activities
- Indicative project size range
- Grant signature within **8 months** from the deadlines



## **Time to grant**



**Months** 



## Technology Readiness Levels

TRL 0: Idea. Unproven concept, no testing has been performed.

**TRL 1: Basic research.** Principles postulated and observed but no experimental proof available.

**TRL 2: Technology formulation**. Concept and application have been formulated.

**TRL 3: Applied research**. First laboratory tests completed; proof of concept.

**TRL 4: Small scale prototype** built in a laboratory environment ("ugly" prototype).

TRL 5: Large scale prototype tested in intended environment.

**TRL 6: Prototype system** tested in intended environment close to expected performance.

**TRL 7: Demonstration system** operating in operational environment at pre-commercial scale.

TRL 8: First of a kind commercial system. Manufacturing issues solved.

TRL 9: Full commercial application, technology available for consumers.



## Horizon 2020 (2014-2020)



Market uptake activities



2007-2013: FP 7 → First application → Intelligent Energy Europe



## **Relevant type of actions**

#### **Research and Innovation Actions (RIA)**

They are actions with Research and Development activities as the core of the project intending to establish new scientific and technical knowledge and/or explore the feasibility of a new or improved technology, product, process, service or solution:

may include basic and applied research, technology development and integration, testing and validation on a smallscale prototype in a laboratory or simulated environment
may contain closely connected but limited demonstration or pilot activities aiming to show technical feasibility in a near to operational environment

#### 100% funding rate



## **Relevant type of actions**

#### **Innovation Actions (IA)**

'Innovation action' means an action primarily consisting of activities directly aiming at producing plans and arrangements or designs for new, altered or improved products, processes or services. For this purpose they may include prototyping, testing, demonstrating, piloting, large-scale product validation and market replication.

70% funding rate (100% for non-profit legal entities)



## **Overlaps RIA / IA**

- 'prototyping', 'testing', 'demonstrating' and 'piloting' not specific to innovation activities; they are also used to describe research and development activities (100% funding)
- In the case of a Research and Innovation action, these activities are undertaken on a small scale prototype, in a laboratory or simulated environment
- Innovation projects may include limited research and development activities.
- Type of project expected, funding and Technology Readiness Level scale indicated in the WP topics



## **Relevant type of actions**

#### **Coordination and Support Action (CSA)**

Actions consisting primarily of accompanying measures such as standardisation, dissemination, awareness-raising and communication, networking, coordination or support services, policy dialogues and mutual learning exercises and studies, including design studies for new infrastructure and may also include complementary activities of strategic planning, networking and coordination between programmes in different countries. Substantially similar to FP7.

#### 100% funding rate



## Horizon 2020

#### **Participants portal**

The single entry point for beneficiaries



http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/desktop/en/home.html

## **Three priorities**

1.Excellent science

# **2.Industrial3.Societal**leadershipchallenges

European Commission



## **Priority 3. Societal challenges**

- Concerns of citizens and society/EU policy objectives (climate, environment, energy, transport, etc.) cannot be achieved without **innovation**.
- Breakthrough solutions come from **multi-disciplinary collaborations**, including social sciences & humanities.
- Promising solutions need to be tested, demonstrated and scaled up!



## **Horizon 2020 – Societal Challenges**

- 1. Health, Demographic Change and Wellbeing
- 2. Food security, Sustainable agriculture and forestry, Marine, Maritime and Inland water, Research and the Bio-economy
- 3. Secure, clean and Efficient Energy
- 4. Smart Green and Integrated Transport
- 5. Climate Action, Environment, Resource efficiency and Raw materials
- 6. Europe in a changing world Inclusive, innovative and reflective societies
- 7. Secure societies Protecting freedom and security of Europe and its citizens



## **SOCIETAL CHALLENGE - ENERGY** Call for proposals 2014-2015\*



\*documents for Call 2015 are only indicative and may be subject to changes



## **Structure of the topics**

#### **1. SPECIFIC CHALLENGES**

- What is/are the problems? / where do we want to get?
- Background information

#### 2. SCOPE

- Where should proposals focus? / areas of action?
- Specific information

#### **3. EXPECTED IMPACT**

 e.g. What is the impact in terms of energy saved/RES triggered / investment / jobs created / stakeholders engaged / technology innovation, etc.

Important note: challenges are not prescriptive. Proposers need to come up with solutions/proposals that are excellent, high-impact and use resources effectively.



#### THE EU FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

## HORIZON 2020

### Energy Efficiency H2020-LCE-2014 / 2015



### Energy Efficiency H2020-EE-2014 / 2015

#### Topics in 4 main areas:

- 1. Buildings and consumers: EE1 EE12
- 2. Heating and cooling: EE12 EE14
- 3. Industry and products: EE15 EE18
- 4. Finance for sustainable energy: EE19 EE21

#### **EE 1: Manufacturing of prefabricated modules** for renovation of buildings, **PPP**

**Challenges:** Lower cost, ease building integration process, and lead to reduction in total buildings primary energy consumption.

**Scope:** Mainly demonstration activities.

**Impact:** Energy savings, reduction renovation costs and time, etc.

**TRL:** 5-7

Type of action: IA (70%)





#### Note on Public-Private Partnerships in Horizon 2020

#### The objectives of PPPs are:

- To solve problems together with industry
- To strengthen European industrial leadership
- To facilitate prioritisation of R&I in line with Europe 2020 objectives and industry needs
- To strongly commit industry to joint objectives



## **Two types of PPPs in Horizon 2020**

**Contractual PPPs:** budget is only committed on an <u>annual</u> basis through H2020 calls in WPs, prepared on the basis of an <u>industry-developed multi-annual roadmap</u> and a contractual arrangement which specifies an indicative 7 years EU funding, and the commitments of industry to match this and to additional investments outside the PPP calls with high leverage factors, but not legally binding.

**Joint Technology Initiatives:** like the contractual PPPs, but with ring fenced <u>7 year budget</u>, the JU launching the calls (where derogations to H2020 are possible) and with the additional commitments of industry outside the calls inserted in the legislation.



### **PPPs in Horizon 2020**

Joint Technology Initiatives	Contractual PPPs
Innovative Medicines	• Factory of the Future (FoF)
(IMI)	Energy-efficient Buildings
Clean Sky	(EeB)
Single European Sky ATM	Green Vehicles (EGVI)
Research (SESAR)	Future internet (5G)
Fuel Cells and Hydrogen	New:
(FCH)	Sustainable Process Industry
Electronic Components     and Systems (ECSEL old	(SPIRE)
and Systems (ECSEL - old ARTEMIS + ENIAC)	Robotics
New:	Photonics
Bio-based Industries	High Performance Computing
(BBI)	



### For more information:

#### Information days on Research PPP (16-17/12/2013):

http://ec.europa.eu/research/industrial\_technologies/infor mation-day-for-ppp-2013\_en.html

**Energy-Efficient Buildings Association (E2BA):** 

http://www.e2b-ei.eu/default.php

Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency Association (A.SPIRE):

http://www.spire2030.eu/

# EE 2: Building design for new highly energy performing buildings, PPP

**Challenges:** Development and demonstration of solutions which reduce cost of new buildings with at least NZE performance levels and accelerate market uptake.

**Scope:** Demonstration projects where buildings are active contributors to production and environmental quality (e.g. for new districts planned), etc.

**Impact:** Increase the number of 'nearly zero-energy' buildings.

**TRL:** 5-7

Type of action: IA (70%)



# EE 3: Energy strategies and solutions for deep renovation of historic buildings, PPP

**Challenges:** Innovative, affordable, non-invasive, reversible solutions to deliver significant improvements in energy efficiency. Insulation, monitoring technologies and systems, integration of renewables, etc.

**Scope:** Demonstrate the effectiveness of the technologies, methodologies, systems or tools developed and prove the replication potential.

**Impact:** Optimised design and implementation of renovation projects for historic buildings.

**TRL:** 4-6



#### **EE 4: Construction skills**

**Challenges:** Addressing the gap in knowledge and skills in the construction sector through building on BUILD UP Skills.

**Scope:** Upgrade or establishing large-scale qualification and training schemes in order to increase the number of skilled building workers. Includes also qualification and skills of middle and senior level building professionals.

**Impact:** e.g. 1 million Euro of EU support = increase the skills of at least 2000 craftsmen.



#### EE 5: Increasing energy performance of existing buildings ... and creating a market for deep renovation

**Challenges:** Process and organisation innovations and creating a market for deep renovation. Removing market barriers. Product and process innovation, etc.

**Scope:** Development, testing and/or implementation of regulations, decision-making tools for renovation strategies, quality standards and enabling conditions to finance deep renovation of buildings, etc.

**Impact:** e.g. renovation of existing buildings towards high energy performance, should result in energy savings of at least 25 GWh/year per million EUR of EU support





#### **EE 6: : Demand response in blocks of buildings**

**Challenges:** Demand response can increase users participation in energy markets and profit from optimal price conditions, making the grid (heat, cold, electricity) more efficient and contributing to the integration of renewable energy sources.

**Scope:** Cost effective, real time optimisation of energy demand, storage and supply in blocks of buildings with the help of intelligent energy management systems.

**Impact:** Demonstrate demand response at the level of blocks of buildings, quantify energy, cost saving, etc.

**TRL:** 6-7



Type of action: IA (70%)

#### **EE 7: Enhancing the capacity of public** authorities to plan and implement sustainable energy policies and measures

**Challenges:** Public authorities play a key role in the reduction of EU energy consumption and the increase of renewable energy capacity.

**Scope:** Empowering public authorities to plan, finance and implement ambitious sustainable energy policies and plans. Especially sectors with high energy saving potential. Capacity building.

**Impact:** e.g. Impacts must be measured in terms of number of public officers influenced and number of new or improved policies and plans.



# **EE 8: Public procurement of innovative sustainable energy solutions.**

**Challenges:** Considering the large volume of public spending (19% of EU GDP, or roughly EUR 2,200 billion in 2009), the public sector constitute an important driver to stimulate market transformation.

**Scope:** Reducing barriers to sustainable energy public spending through e.g. sharing best practice and involve central purchasing organisations.

**Impact:** 1 million Euro of EU support is expected to trigger the launch of public tenders for the purchase of sustainable energy products, buildings or services resulting in savings of more than 25 GWh.



#### **EE 9: Empowering stakeholders to assist public** authorities in the definition and implementation of sustainable energy policies and measures

**Challenges:** While public authorities have an important role to play to develop energy efficiency policies and plans, the latter require the full involvement of private stakeholders and the civil society for their effective implementation.

**Scope:** Projects to target specific actors among stakeholders (utilities, industry, financing institutions, non-gov. org., consumer associations, interest groups, trade unions...). Large scale capacity building or engagement activities.

**Impact:** e.g. influence hundreds of stakeholders playing a key role in the definition and successful implementation of national, regional or local policies.


# **EE 10: Consumer engagement for sustainable energy**

**Challenges:** Residential use of energy is responsible for 28% of EU energy consumption . The barriers to consumer energy saving have been known for more than 30 years but are still present.

**Scope:** Reducing market barriers through changing behaviour of consumers using market segmentation and focus on "action", e.g. through use of social innovations and comparative ICT solutions and educational activities or tools.

**Impact:** e.g. each million € of EU support expected to deliver annual energy savings of around 10% for at least 5,000 households (around 8 GWh/year of savings).



### **EE 11: New ICT-based solutions for EE**

**Challenges:** Motivate and support behavioural change to achieve greater EE taking advantage of ICT.

**Scope:** Creation of innovative IT ecosystems that would develop services and applications making use of information generated by energy consumers or captured from sensors and micro generation.

**Impact:** e.g. accelerate wide deployment of innovative ICT solutions for energy efficiency.



## **EE 12: Socioeconomic research on energy** efficiency

**Challenges:** formulate long-term strategies and define costeffective policies, policy makers.

**Scope:** Foresight socio economic activities informing the debate on the development and monitoring of EE strategies looking to the horizon 2030 and beyond. Multiple benefits of EE or evolution of social, economic, cultural and educational barriers. Priority to development of micro-economic analysis of the updated EE measures.

**Impact:** e.g. examples of positive impacts on energy efficiency policy development



# EE 13: Technology for district heating and cooling

**Challenges:** District heating and cooling systems need to be more efficient, intelligent and cheaper.

**Scope:** Develop, demonstrate and deploy a new generation of highly efficient, intelligent district cooling and heating systems. Reduce distribution losses. Develop optimisation, control, metering, planning and modelling tools. New solutions for low temperature heat recovery and recirculation.

**Impact:** e.g. reduce the energy consumption of space and water heating by 30 to 50% compared to today's level.

**TRL:** 4-6



# EE 14: Removing market barriers to the uptake of efficient heating and cooling solutions

**Challenges:** Action is needed to remove non-technological (including legislation) barriers to exploit the full potential of efficient heating and cooling solutions.

**Impact:** e.g significant impacts should also be measured in terms of investment made by stakeholders in sustainable energy.



# **EE 15: Ensuring effective implementation of EU product efficiency legislation.**

**Challenges:** By 2020 full implementation of the EU product efficiency legislation should be one of the most important contributions to the EU energy efficiency target.

**Scope:** Building up monitoring, verification and enforcement of the EU's related products policy.

**Impact:** e.g. every million Euro of EU support is expected to generate at least 15 GWh/year of energy losses avoided from non-compliance.



### **EE 16: Organisational innovation to increase energy efficiency in the industry**

**Challenges:** The industry sector could further reduce its consumption by at least 13%, etc.

**Scope:** Removing market barriers like lack of expertise and information on energy management. Uptake of cross-cutting innovative technologies. Industrial systems efficiency benchmarking. Sector specific technology pathways. Energy management in SMEs and industry. Human and organisational change.

**Impact:** e.g. every million Euro of EU support is expected to result in savings of at least 25 GWh per year.



# EE 17: Driving energy innovation through large buyer groups

**Challenges:** Buyers of energy-related products can foster innovation by specifying energy performance levels that are higher than the best levels available on the market.

**Scope:** Actions where groups of buyers can set higher-thanavailable performance levels which manufacturers of sustainable energy products are called to meet through product innovation.

**Impact:** New energy-using or -producing products with at least 25% better performance than the best available products

Type of action: CSA (100%)



**Only** in

# **EE 18: New technologies for utilization of heat recovery in large industrial systems..., SPIRE**

**Challenges:** Heat recovery represents an important and unexplored opportunity for reducing energy use in industrial processes and in heating and cooling.

**Scope**: Research and demonstration of technologies to recover waste heat from industrial processes. Validation at real production conditions with demo sites, testing in industrial facilities.

**Impact:** e.g. viable solutions and technologies allowing recovering at least 15% of process heat, etc

**TRL:** 4-7



# **EE 19: Improving the financeability and attractiveness of sustainable energy investments**

**Challenges:** Sub-optimal levels of investment in sustainable energy (in particular energy efficiency) are linked to a lack of trust of investors and financiers in the financial viability of sustainable energy measures, etc.

**Scope:** Activities that foster dialogue with and between financial market actors, standardisation and valuation entities, industry, public authorities, consumers and property owners.

**Impact:** Reduced uncertainty as regards investments into sustainable energy in terms of increased investors' confidence and trust



### EE 20: Project development assistance for innovative, bankable and aggregated sustainable energy investment schemes and projects

**Challenges:** Mobilise all relevant stakeholders, draw up investment inventories, develop feasibility studies, financial engineering instruments, and to address legal and procurement issues.

**Scope:** Project development assistance support to Public and private project promoters such as public/private infrastructure operators, retail chains, cities and SMEs/industry, leading to innovative, bankable sustainable energy investments schemes.

**Impact:** Every million Euro of Horizon 2020 support must trigger investments worth at least EUR 15 million



### **EE 21: Development and market roll-out of innovative energy services and financial schemes for sustainable energy**

**Challenges:** The deployed public funds have to be matched and multiplied by private sector capital, to address the financing gap.

**Scope:** Roll-out of business models for innovative EE services. Replication of successful innovative financing solutions. Implementation of large-scale capacity building for public authorities and SMEs to set-up or use innovative financing schemes for sustainable energy.

**Impact: e.g** every million Euro of EU support invested into the relevant activities is expected to deliver savings of at least 25 GWh/year





# **Call Energy Efficiency: Budget**

Topics*		2014 (M€)	2015 (M€)	Source
EE1, EE2	EeB PPP: Pre-fabricated modules and New Energy Efficient Buildings	8	9	
EE3	EeB PPP: Historic Buildings	5		PPP
EE18	SPIRE Topic PPP: Heat recovery	8	8	
EE6, EE12, EE13	Demand response in building blocks, socio- economic research and technology for DHC	8,5	13,35	Research and
EE11	ICT for energy efficiency	8,5	8,5	Innovation
EE4, EE5, EE7, EE8, EE9, EE10, EE14, EE15, EE16, EE17	Market uptake in Buildings, Consumers, Industry and Products Empowering public authorities and its stakeholders	34,5	32,8	IEE
EE19, EE20, EE21	Finance for sustainable energy including project development assistance	25	26,5	

\* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme



## **Call Energy Efficiency: Deadlines**

Topics*	2014	2015
EE1, EE3, EE18	20/03/2014	
EE4, EE5, EE7, EE8, EE9, EE10, EE11, EE12, EE13, EE14, EE15, EE16, EE19, EE20, EE21	05/06/2014	
EE2, EE18	09/12/2014	
EE5, EE6, EE7, EE9, EE10, EE11, EE13, EE14, EE15, EE16, EE17, EE19, EE20, EE21		10/06/2015

\* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme



## **Energy efficiency call Single entry point for queries**

Contact the EASME Energy Unit team via:

# EACI-IEE-enquiries@ec.europa.eu



#### THE EU FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

HORIZON 2020 Smart Cities and Communities H2020-SCC-2014/2015



### **Innovate: Go beyond what exists**

- Concerto in FP6 (2000-2006)
- Smart Cities in FP7 (2007-2013)

- Take to the next level
- <u>www.concerto.eu</u>



## Integrate

- 3 dimensions
- In same location



## Replicate

- •2-3 Lighthouse cities
- •2-3 Follower cities
- Multi-sector input
- •Embedded in urban plans





## **Administration**

- •≥2 years monitoring
- •Costs
- Time to grantFinancial viability
- Commitment







## **Call Smart cities & communities: Budget**

Topics*	Short-hand Description	2014 (M€)	2015 (M€)
SCC1	SCC solutions	90,32	106,8
SCC2	Developping framework for monitoring	1	
SCC3	Developping system standard		1
SCC4	Public procurers networks	1	
SCC5	Prize		1

#### \* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme



## **Call Smart cities & communities: Deadlines**

Topics*	2014	2015
SCC1	07/05/2014	
SCC2, SCC4	07/05/2014	
SCC1		03/03/2015
SCC3, SCC5		03/03/2015

#### \* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme



## **Call Smart Cities and Communities Single entry point for queries**

Alexander.KOLOMYJCZUK@ec.europa.eu



#### THE EU FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

# HORIZON 2020 Competitive Low-Carbon Energy H2020-LCE-2014 / 2015



## Competitive Low-carbon Energy – H2020-LCE-2014 / 2015

# Topics in 9 areas:

1.New knowledge and technologies: LCE1
2.RES electricity and heating/cooling: LCE2-4
3.Modernising the European electricity grid: LCE 5-7
4.Energy storage technologies: LCE8-10
5.Sustainable biofuels for transport: LCE 11-14
6.Decarbonisation of the use of fossil fuels: LCE 15-17
7.Support European Research Area: LCE 18-19
8.Social, environmental and economic aspect: LCE 20-21
9.Cross-cutting issues: LCE 22



	AREA	TRL	ΤΥΡΕ
LCE 1	New knowledge and technologies	2 > 3-4	RIA
Renew	vable electricity and heating/cooling		
LCE 2	Developing the next generation technologies of renewable electricity and heating/cooling	3-4 > 4-5	RIA
LCE 3	Demonstration of renewable electricity and heating/cooling	5-6 > 6-7	IA
LCE 4	Market uptake of existing and emerging renewable electricity, heating and cooling technologies	7-9	CSA



	AREA	TRL	ΤΥΡΕ	
Modern	nising the European electricity grid			
LCE 5	Innovation and technologies for the deployment of meshed offshore grids	6-7 > 8	IA	
LCE 6	Transmission grid and wholesale market		IA, RIA	
LCE 7	Distribution grid and retail market		IA, CSA	
Energy	Energy storage technologies			
LCE 8	Local/small scale storage	5 > 6	IA	
LCE 9	Large scale storage	5 > 6-7	IA	
LCE 10	Next generation technologies for energy storage	2 > 5	RIA	



	AREA	TRL	ΤΥΡΕ
Sustainable biofuels and alternative fuels for transport			
LCE 11	Developing next generation technologies for biofuels and sustainable alternative fuels	3-4 > 4-5	RIA
LCE 12	Demonstrating advanced biofuel technologies	5-7 > 6-7	IA
LCE 13	Partnering with Brazil on advanced biofuels	5-7 > 6-7	IA
LCE 14	Market uptake of existing and emerging sustainable bioenergy	7-9	CSA



	AREA	TRL	TYPE
Enablin	ig the decarbonisation of the use of fossil fu	lels	
LCE 15	Enabling decarbonisation of the fossil fuel- based power sector and energy intensive industry through CCS	4-5 > 6	RIA
LCE 16	Understanding, preventing and mitigating the potential environmental impacts and risks of shale gas exploration and extraction		RIA
LCE 17	Highly flexible and efficient fossil fuel power plants	3 > 4-6	RIA
Supporting the development of a European Research Area in the field of Energy			
LCE 18	Supporting Joint Actions on demonstration and validation of innovative energy solutions	5-6 > 6- 7	ERA- NET
LCE 19	Supporting coordination of national R&D activities	2 > 5	CSA



	AREA	ΤΥΡΕ	
	environmental and economic aspects of the system		
LCE 20	The human factor in the energy system	RIA, CSA	
LCE 21	Modelling and analysing the energy system, its transformation and impacts	RIA	
Cross-cutting issues			
LCE 22	Fostering the network of National Contact Points	CSA	



## Call Competitive low-carbon energy : Budget (M€)

Topics*	Short-hand Description	2014		* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme
LCE1	New knoweldge & tech.	20		
LCE2, LCE11	RES – Research	60*	59*	
LCE3, LCE12	<b>RES</b> - Demonstration	73*	80*	
LCE4, LCE14	Market uptake	20	20	
LCE5, LCE6, LCE7	Smart grids	60	71,48	
LCE8, LCE9, LCE10	Storage	44,15	26	
LCE13	Joint topic with Brazil		10	
LCE15, LCE16, LCE17	CCS & other	33	35	
LCE18	ERANET	34,25	57,85	
LCE19	Coordination of MS	3	3	
LCE20	Socio-Eco.	10,5		
LCE21	Socio-Eco.		10	
LCE22	NCP Network	1,5		



# Call Competitive Tow-carbon energy : Deadlines

Topics*		2015	
LCE1, LCE2, LCE11, LCE15, LCE16	01/04/2014 (Stage 1)	23/09/2014 (Stage 2)	
LCE22	01,	/04/2014	
LCE4, LCE7, LCE8, LCE10, LCE14, LCE18	07/05/2014		
LCE1, LCE2, LCE11, LCE15, LCE17	03/09/2014 (Stage 1)		03/03/2015 (Stage 2)
LCE3, LCE12, LCE19, LCE20	10/09/2014		
LCE3, LCE12, LCE19, LCE21 LCE4, LCE5, LCE6, LCE9, LCE14			03/03/2015
LCE18			28/04/2015
LCE13			05/05/2015

\* Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme



## **Call Competitive low-carbon energy Single entry points for queries**

- Call coordination & LCE1: Philippe Schild
- LCE2 & LCE3: Fabio Belloni (PV), Piero de Bonis (CSP & RHC), Matthijs Soede (Wind & Ocean), Geothermal (Susanna Galloni) & Hydropower (Erich Naegele)
- LCE4 & LCE14: Maria Velkova
- LCE11, LCE12 & LCE13: Maria Georgiadou
- LCE15, LCE16 & LCE17: Jeroen Schuppers
- LCE18, LCE20, LCE21, LCE22: Martin Huemer
- LCE19: Arnaud Mercier

#### **Corresponds to the topic code in the work-programme Email: name.surname@ec.europa.eu**



# **Final notes**

- Strong participation by SMEs will be promoted
- Around 20% of the total budget for societal challenges (and LEITs) to go to SMEs
- A new SME instrument will be used across all societal challenges as well as for the LEITs
- A dedicated activity for research-intensive SMEs in 'Innovation in SMEs'
- 'Access to risk finance' will have a strong SME focus (debt and equity facility).



## **Final notes**

## Call SIE: SMEs and Fast track to Innovation for Energy

- Stimulating the innovation potential of SMEs for a low carbon and efficient energy system (SME Instrument)
  - Phase 1: **feasibility study** (i.e. risk assessment, market study, innovation strategy development...)
  - Phase 2: innovation project with emphasis on demonstration and market replication (i.e. prototyping, testing, miniaturisation, design...)
  - Phase 3: commercialisation phase; access to financial facilities of the "Access to Risk Finance"
- Fast Track to Innovation Pilot
  - Continuously open call, bottom-up driven logic, <5 legal entities, <3M€</li>



# **Final notes**

### **Other parts of H2020 of direct relevance to Energy**

- LEIT KET materials, nano, electronics, manufacturing, processing
- FET-open and FET-pro-active
- Research Infrastructures
- ERC, EIT
- SME instrument

### **Close links**

- Transport (societal challenge)
- Agriculture, marine, bio-economy (societal challenge), including Blue growth (strategic focus area)
- Climate action, resource efficiency, raw materials (societal challenge)
- Secure societies (societal challenge)



# Thank you for your attention

H2020 general website: http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/horizon2020/en

National contact point: http://www.gppq.fct.pt/h2020/